Stage 2 Arabic (Continuers)

Assessment Type 1: Folio

Text Production

Texts highlighted in blue demonstrate use of a range of vocabulary and linguistic structures to express opinions and /or to develop arguments. Texts underlined in green demonstrate cohesive devices used to connect ideas.

هلو أمريكا

تعريف الهجرة:

الهجرة عبارة عن مصطلح ديمو غرافي و قصد بالهجرة الانتقال من مكان إلى آخر والهجرة بالمفهوم العام اقصد بها الانتقال من الوطن الأصلي إلى وطن الأغراب.

أنواع الهجرة:

الهجرة الداخلية: هي تنقل الأفراد داخل حدود الدولة السياسية. أما الهجرة الاجبارية: هي الهجرة الجماعيه بسبب الهروب والصراعات والكوارث الطبيعية.

والهجرة السياسية هي هجرة الفرد أو الجماعة بسبب مضايقات السلطة الحاكمة في ذات البلد نظر الاختلاف الفكري والتوجه السياسي وهي نوعان: أما عن طريق النفي من قبل النظام الحاكم أو المحتل الأجنبي، أو الفرد خارج الدولة وطلب اللجواء السياسي في بلد الآخر.

الهجرة المهنية أيضاً حجر الدفعة من أصحاب الكفائات العلمية بهدف الحصول على المومميزات والوسائل الثقنية التي تساعدهم على طرح إبداعتهم ومكترعاتم العلمية. وأخيرا هجرة العلم يقصد بها هجرة طلاب العلم بفروعه المختلف بهدف التحصيل العلمي الجيد.

الصعوبات التي يواجه الانسان من الهجرة هي عدم الانسجام في المجتمع الجديد والحصول على العمل المناسب و صعوبات التكلم وحفظ الغة الجديدة والتقيود في نطام البلد وصعوبت الاحتكاك بالمجتمع الجديد.

في مسلسل بخيت (عادل أمام) رجل فقير وعنده خطيبة ويطمح يوم من الأيام أن يتجوز بها وهو محافظ على العادات والتقاليد العربية الأصلية. وكان له إبن عم في أمريكا إتصل به يوم من الأيام كي يبيع له قطعة أرض في مصر فقال له بخيت أن يرسل له بطاقة زيارة إلى أمريكا فوعده بذلك وعندما علم أهله وزملائه في ذلك قالو له لا تنسانا عندما تذهب إلى أمريكا. وعندما ذهب إلى أمريكا وقع في مشاكل وصعوبات أخرى مثل المشاكل التي .كثيرة لعدم الانتماج في البلد الأجنبي، وأيذا وقع في مشكل عديتهم من قبل

فان الغرب صعبة ومتاعبها كثير ولس كل من تغرب كان سعداً فيها لنه يعاني من ومن سلوك حياة ليس لديه فكرة كيف يتعامل مع شعباً غير شعبه بالمشاكل والقذاية ويعيش في وطنا غير وطنه

Assessment Comments

This response is illustrative of a C grade.

Ideas

I1 Relevance:

The response generally addresses all aspects of the topic with some relevance and has a sufficient potential to interest the reader. It conveys adequate details, ideas, information and opinions by defining the types of immigration, summarising the difficulties faced by migrants in a new country and outlining the storyline of the movie to illustrate ideas and opinions.

I2 Depth of Treatment of Ideas, Information, or Opinions:

The content is competently developed. It presents a series of detailed ideas and opinions on some unfamiliar aspects of issues related to immigration are supported with some reference to the text.

Expression

E1 Capacity to Convey Information Accurately and Appropriately

Response presents a range of linguistic structures with variable accuracy and frequent errors impede meaning. Simple cohesive devices are employed and expression is occasionally appropriate to the cultural and social context.

E2 Coherence in Structure and Sequence

Organisation of information and ideas is adequately organised and interlinked and conventions of the text type are applied.

Performance Standards for Stage 2 Locally Assessed Languages at Continuers Level

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	Ideas	Express	ion	Interpretation and Reflection
A	Relevance Responses are consistently relevant to context, purpose, audience, and topic. Responses consistently convey the appropriate detail, ideas, information, and opinions. Responses successfully create the desired impact and interest, and engage the audience. Depth of Treatment of Ideas, Information, or Opinions Depth and breadth in the treatment of the topic and content is very detailed and varied. Ideas are elaborated, opinions and arguments are supported and justified, and complex ideas are communicated effectively, with originality and creativity. Comprehensive evidence of planning and preparation.	Capacity to Convey Information Accurately and Appropriately Use of an extensive range of complex linguistic structures and features with a high degree of accuracy to achieve interest, flow, and cohesion. A few errors may be evident when attempting to use more complex language, but errors do not impede meaning. Effective use of a range of sophisticated cohesive devices to connect ideas. Expression consistently appropriate to the cultural and social context. Very effective communication with a high degree of fluency. Pronunciation is accurate, and there is little hesitation in the choice of linguistic resources. Intonation and stress are used effectively to enhance meaning. Coherence in Structure and Sequence Information and ideas are organised logically and coherently. Conventions of the text type are observed.	Capacity to Interact and Maintain a Conversation and Discussion Interaction is initiated, sustained, and spontaneous across a wide range of topics. Comments or opinions are adjusted or elaborated on in response to reactions and comments. Interest and enthusiasm for the topic of discussion are conveyed. A variety of communication strategies are used with effect during interaction (e.g. using new vocabulary encountered during interaction, seeking clarification, using appropriate pause fillers). Responses are quick, confident, and fluent. Topic shifts and unpredictable elements are handled well.	Interpretation of Meaning in Texts Detailed and appropriate use of evidence from texts to support arguments/conclusions. Interpretations are enhanced by making connections within and/or between texts (e.g. comparing and contrasting information, ideas, and opinions). Conclusions are drawn about the purpose, audience, and message (argument) of the text, and justified with evidence from the text. Concepts, perspectives, and ideas represented in the text are identified and explained with clarity and insight. <i>Analysis of the Language in Texts</i> The functions of particular linguistic and cultural features in the text (e.g. register, tone, textual features/organisation). <i>Reflection</i> Critical reflection on how cultures, values, beliefs, practices, and ideas are represented or expressed in texts. Sophisticated recognition and explanation of connections between own values, beliefs, practices, and ideas, and those explored in texts. Critical reflection on own learning.
В	Relevance Responses are mostly relevant to context, purpose, audience, and topic. Responses mostly convey the appropriate detail, ideas, information, and opinions. Responses generally create the desired impact and interest, and engage the audience. Depth of Treatment of Ideas, Information, or Opinions Breadth and some depth in the treatment of the topic. Ideas are elaborated by offering additional details, and opinions are supported with examples. When dealing with unfamiliar topics, ideas are presented as a series of statements rather than as an argued position. Sound planning and preparation.	Capacity to Convey Information Accurately and Appropriately Use of a range of linguistic structures and features, with good control, to convey meaning. Mostly accurate use of high-frequency vocabulary and sentence structures. Attempts are made to use some complex language, and errors sometimes impede meaning. A range of cohesive devices is used to connect ideas. Expression is mostly appropriate to the cultural and social context. Effective communication, with some degree of fluency. Reasonably accurate pronunciation and intonation. Coherence in Structure and Sequence Mostly coherent organisation of information and ideas. Most conventions of the text type are observed.	Capacity to Interact and Maintain a Conversation and Discussion Interaction is maintained on a range of familiar topics. Some clarification or repetition is required to comprehend topic shifts into unfamiliar areas or when complex sentence constructions are used. Interest in the topic is conveyed effectively. A number of communication strategies are used to maintain interaction (e.g. self-correcting, responding to correction by the interlocutor, seeking support and clarification). Occasional pauses to process questions and to search for linguistic resources.	Interpretation of Meaning in Texts Key ideas represented in texts are identified and explained. Interpretations of meaning are supported with some appropriate examples. Some conclusions are drawn about the purpose, audience, and message (argument) of the text and supported with some relevant examples from the text. Concepts, perspectives, and ideas represented in the text are generally identified and explained with some clarity. Analysis of the Language in Texts The functions of particular linguistic and cultural features in the text are described. Some detail in explaining stylistic features in the text (e.g. register, tone, textual features/organisation). Reflection Some depth in reflection on how cultures, values, beliefs, practices, and ideas are represented or expressed in texts. Some depth in reflection on own values, beliefs, practices, and ideas in relation to those represented in texts. Thoughtful reflection on own learning.

	Ideas	Expressi	on	Interpretation and Reflection
С	Relevance	Capacity to Convey Information	Capacity to Interact and	Interpretation of Meaning in Texts
	Responses are generally relevant to topic and purpose, with some relevance to context and audience.	Accurately and Appropriately Use of a range of linguistic structures and features to convey meaning.	Maintain a Conversation and Discussion Use of well-rehearsed	Identifies and explains some relevant information from texts on familiar topics containing predictable and familiar language structures.
	Responses generally convey simple ideas and opinions, with generally appropriate information.	Reliance on rehearsed patterns. Accuracy tends to be variable, with some basic errors. Generally accurate	language to maintain an interaction by responding to questions on familiar topics. Some reliance on the	Competent understanding of context, purpose, and audience, supported with isolated examples from the text.
	Responses generally create some interest, and partly engage the audience.	when using formulaic expressions and rehearsed patterns. Cohesive devices are simple and	interlocutor to take the lead. Some interest in the topic is conveyed.	Main concepts, ideas, and one or more perspectives in the text are identified, with some explanation.
	Depth of Treatment of Ideas, Information, or Opinions	repetitive. Reliance on a limited range of cohesive devices to connect ideas at sentence, paragraph, and whole text level.	Use of prepared phrases to indicate lack of comprehension and ask for	Analysis of the Language in Texts Particular linguistic and cultural features of the text are identified.
	Some variety in the treatment of information and simple ideas or opinions on mostly familiar topics.	Expression is generally appropriate to the cultural and social context.	support. Often relies on the interlocutor's sentence patterns to respond.	Identification of stylistic features in the text (e.g. idioms, rhetoric, expressions).
	Simple sentences usually containing one idea are used with some effectiveness to convey meaning and support an opinion.	Some hesitancy in responding. Pronunciation and intonation are understandable.	Occasional silences because of lack of comprehension and time required to process more complex language and	Reflection Some reflection on cultures, values, beliefs, practices, and ideas represented or expressed in texts.
	Competent planning and preparation. Coherence in Stru Generally cohere information and ic Responses gener	Coherence in Structure and Sequence Generally coherent organisation of	to search for words. Responses may be repetitive. Some hesitation in communication when dealing with unfamiliar contexts.	Some reflection on, with mostly description of, own values, beliefs, practices, and ideas in relation to those represented in texts.
		Responses generally conform to the conventions of the text type.		Some reflection on own learning.
D	Relevance Responses partially relevant to the	Capacity to Convey Information Accurately and Appropriately	Capacity to Interact and Maintain a Conversation and Discussion	Interpretation of Meaning in Texts Keywords and some supporting detail are identified in
	topic and purpose. Responses convey some basic	Use of simple vocabulary, short sentences, formulaic expressions, and rehearsed patterns to convey	Routine courtesy phrases and basic structures are	texts dealing with familiar situations. Some basic understanding of context, purpose, and/or
	ormation that may be meaning. When attempts are made to elaborate, the structure is often based on word order derived from English.	used to respond to simple questions on familiar topics. Reliance on the interlocutor	audience. Identification of one or more concepts or ideas, with	
	Responses include one or more elements of interest that may engage the audience.	Frequent errors and incorrect selection of words from the dictionary	to take the lead and maintain interaction. Some interest in the topic may be conveyed.	specific information in texts transcribed rather than interpreted.
	Depth of Treatment of Ideas, Information, or Opinions	impede meaning. A cohesive device may be used, with	Reliance on repetition and rephrasing of questions.	Analysis of the Language in Texts One or more basic linguistic and/or cultural features of the text are identified.
	Simple aspects of familiar topics. Simple sentences are used with partial effectiveness to convey an idea or opinion. Sentences may be short or incomplete.	some effectiveness. Expression occasionally appropriate to cultural and social context.	Partial understanding of questions may lead to a response that is not relevant. Frequent silences may occur because of lack of comprehension and time required to search for words and construct answers.	One or more stylistic features are identified.
		Frequent hesitancy in responding. Pronunciation may impede meaning.		Reflection One or more familiar aspects of cultures, values, beliefs, practices, or ideas represented or expressed in texts
		Coherence in Structure and Sequence		are identified. One or more of own values, beliefs, practices, or ideas
	Some planning and preparation.	Some basic organisation of information and/or ideas.		in relation to those represented in texts are described. Learning experiences are recounted.
		Some use of very basic conventions of the text type.		
Е	Relevance Responses have limited relevance	Capacity to Convey Information Accurately and Appropriately	Capacity to Interact and Maintain a Conversation and	Interpretation of Meaning in Texts Isolated items of information are identified in texts on
to the topic an Responses at basic informat	to the topic and purpose.	Relies heavily on the dictionary. Use of a very limited range of vocabulary and sentence structures, with single words and set formulaic expressions to convey basic information. Reliance on anglicisms to convey meaning.	Discussion Reliance on interlocutor to assist with communication breakdowns to complete sentences or to interpret	familiar topics containing simple language.
	Responses attempt to convey some basic information, with limited appropriateness.			Identification of a context, purpose, or audience. Understanding of information is limited to occasional isolated words (e.g. borrowed words, high-frequency
	Responses attempt to include an element of interest.	Frequent errors impede meaning.	intended meanings. Repetition, rephrasing of	social conventions). Analysis of the Language in Texts
	Depth of Treatment of Ideas, Information, or Opinions	Limited appropriateness of expression.	questions, and a slowed rate of speech are required for comprehension. Utterances	Attempted identification of a basic linguistic feature of the text.
	Attempted treatment of simple information relating to one or more aspects of familiar topics.	Attempted use of a cohesive device, with limited effectiveness.	rarely consist of more than two or three words. Frequent misunderstandings of simple	Attempted identification of a stylistic feature.
	Responses are brief and often rely on a keyword to convey basic meaning.	Always or mostly hesitant in responding. Pronunciation impedes meaning.	questions. Frequent long pauses to process questions and to	One or more formulaic cultural expressions are identified.
	Attempted planning or preparation.	Coherence in Structure and Sequence Limited organisation of information or	search for words. May resort to using English to convey meaning.	One or more of own values, beliefs, practices, or ideas are identified.
		ideas.		Learning experiences are listed.
		Limited evidence of conventions of text type.		